

Sedalia Evening Democrat.

NEW SERIES.

SEDALIA, MISSOURI, TUESDAY JANUARY 31, 1893.

PRICE, FIVE CENTS.

STATE CAPITAL.

A LIVELY DEBATE IN THE SENATE.

YEATER WINS LAURELS.

He Scores Senator Cochran in Debate on the Militia Bill—The House Does Good Work.

Special to the Democrat.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Jan. 31.—Upon the assembling of the house this morning Speaker Mabrey laid before the members the report of the state reform school at Boonville, showing that the institution, which was more or less of an experiment in Missouri, has done a good work and may fairly be pronounced a success. It takes its place as a reformatory institution and will make honest, industrious men of boys who if sent to purely penal institutions would only graduate in wickedness and become professional criminals. The house promptly sat down upon the resolution of Tubbs, of Osage, to annex Hawaii.

The committee on labor reported adversely the eight hour bill.

Mr. Prigmore reported favorably the bill to prevent insurance companies or the insurance commissioner from licensing as agents non-residents of this state to do business in Missouri; also the bill, requiring insurance companies to give ten days notice to insured that they require proof of loss before pleading limitation or defense. The bill requiring the manufacturers of oleomargarine to color their product pink, was ordered engrossed after a long debate.

The committee on private corporations reported favorably the bill fixing telephone exchanges and it was ordered to engrossment.

A bill to regulate the charges of mills doing an exchange business, was also engrossed.

The Senate.

The senate spent the forenoon in considering the militia bill amending the present law. The debate was precipitated by an amendment offered by Senator Cochran providing that the militia should be permitted to take blank cartridges when ordered into action. The debate was very interesting and at times exciting, even extremely personal and acrimonious. The discussion was carried on by Senators Cochran, Yeater, McGinnis, Burk, Lyman, Kennish and Sebre. During the debate Senator Yeater completely took the hide off of Cochran, who is opposed to all militia and tries to pose as the friend of labor organizations. Yeater is an excellent speaker as all Sedalians know, and he was at his best this morning. He was congratulated by many who were surprised at his eloquence, logic and force. The senate adjourned pending the discussion.

Gov. Stone is attending the meeting of the World's fair commissioners in St. Louis.

ROBBED THE DEPOT.

The Night Operator at Boonville Has an Experience With Robbers—They Escape.

Tim O'Connell, the night operator at the M., K. & T. depot in Boonville, had an experience last night that left him a poorer but wiser man.

At 10 o'clock two men entered the office and commanded the operator to throw up his hands which he did without hesitancy. His watch was taken from him and the cash drawer, containing about \$10, emptied. Both men then beat a hasty retreat.

Telegrams were received in Sedalia asking that the men be apprehended if seen in this city. Both were small men, each about 20 years of age and had smooth faces. They were dressed like laborers and wore caps. Their armory consisted of two rusty pistols. It is the opinion of those in a position to judge, that the robbers are the two men who recently caused the disturbance on the narrow gauge. These latter were ex-convicts from Ft. Leavenworth.

Book Concern Burned.

CINCINNATI, O., Jan. 31.—The Baptist Book Concern, a large publishing house of the Baptist church, corner Walnut and Baker streets, was destroyed by fire this morning. Loss, \$70,000.

OUR GRAND Annual Clearing SALE!

Began Monday morning at 9 o'clock sharp. Thousands of dollars worth of goods thrown on our counters and sold regardless of cost.

15c Now 5c.

100 yards of elegant style 15c flannelettes, will make up equal to any \$1. per yard all wool wrapper fabric in the market—OUR CLEARING SALE PRICE 5c A YARD.

15c Now 5c.

A tremendous variety of 15c silk-alines, for curtains and drapes, not sold but given away at 5c a yard.

Plush Sakes.

All \$25, \$30, and \$40. real seal plush sakes—CHOICE OF ENTIRE LOT \$15. EACH.

\$8, \$10, and \$12. ladies' late style reeters NOW \$5.

\$15, \$17.50 and \$20. ladies' cloaks, top coats etc., choice of lot \$10.

\$7.50 and \$10.00 new markets, a gift at \$1.98

Ladies' \$1.50 jackets now 75c. Ladies' \$2.50 jerseys now 98c. Children's \$1.50 jerseys 75c. Children's \$1, jerseys now 25c.

Dress Goods.

50c surah silks now 22½c. 25c wool filling dress goods now 12½c. 50c brilliantines now 25c. \$1.50 novelty dress goods 75c.

In addition—\$1.30c outing cloth 5c. \$1. tinsel embroidered table covers now 50c. \$1. corners at 45c. Gents' \$2. gossamers at 50c. Ladies' \$1. gossamers at 10c. 20c complexion powder at 5c, and a line of comforts, blankets, table linens, lace curtains, flannels, underwear and hosiery at heretofore unheard of low prices. Doors not open until 9 o'clock, at which time the great sale of sales begins.

Frank B. Meyer & Bro.,

GRAND CENTRAL,

304 and 306 OHIO ST.

AN ASYLUM PANIC.

EIGHT-HUNDRED INMATES ESCAPE.

THE ENGINE ROOM BURNED

The Alarm of Fire Created a General Panic, but All Escaped from the Building.

CHICAGO, Jan. 31.—The engine room of the insane asylum at Dunning, twelve miles from this city, was burned this morning, and an awful horror was barely averted.

The alarm of fire caused a panic among the eight hundred unfortunate inmates, and all control of them was at once at an end until their fears and excitement could be quieted.

Fortunately they all escaped from the building and the fire was confined to the engine room, where it originated, and the main building was saved from serious injury.

The asylum is temporarily without light or heating apparatus, but this misfortune is nothing to the horrors that would have followed the destruction of the main building.

A FATAL NAP.

Engineer of a Work Train Causes a Bad Wreck.

AUGUSTA, Ky., Jan. 31.—A sleepy engineer of a work train on the C. & O. stopped his train on the main track this morning where it was dashed into by a coal train and a bad wreck ensued. James Faulkner was instantly killed and a dozen men were injured.

BURNED IN THEIR BEDS.

A Father and Son Cremated While Asleep.

HAVERHILL, MASS., Jan. 31.—The dwelling house of James Addison was destroyed by fire last night, and Addison and his sixteen-year-old son perished in the flames.

Farm Lands Is Now the Demand

Come to the office of Woodfin & Thatcher on Ohio street and pick yourself a good farm. We have about all the farms in the county listed that are for sale. We will sell you one or trade you city property—very cheap—lots, houses and lots. We write Insurance, Loan money and do a general business.

THE M'CORD CASE.

BOTH SIDES ANNOUNCE READY FOR TRIAL.

THE JURY IS SELECTED.

Trial of the Case Begins this Afternoon at Boonville, Before Judge Riley.

Special to the Democrat.

BOONVILLE, Mo., Jan. 31.—The case of the state of Missouri vs. W. J. McCord, for the murder of John Burrell in Sedalia on October 19th, 1891, and brought to this county on change of venue, was called in the circuit court late yesterday afternoon. Both sides announced ready for trial and the court ordered the sheriff to summon forty qualified jurors. The panel was completed at eleven o'clock to-day and thereupon the court adjourned until three o'clock this afternoon when the trial of the case will proceed.

The case is an interesting one, for the prisoner is being tried on the charge of murder in the first degree. Judge H. C. Riley, of the Twenty-eighth circuit, is presiding over the case. The attorneys in the case are Prosecuting Attorney Hoffman, Hon. W. D. Steele and Col. Henry Lamm for the state, and Hon. P. D. Hastain and Hon. John R. Walker for the defense. It will be a hard fought legal battle.

SOLID ROCK BOTTOM.

The Crossing of the North and South Road at DeWitt, Mo., a Good One.

President Crandall, of the Springfield, Sedalia, Marshall & Northern is in receipt of a letter from Chief Engineer H. N. Armstrong, of the Brookfield & Northern, which gives the results of soundings in the Missouri River at DeWitt, Mo., the point where the new road will cross the "big muddy." The results are highly satisfactory.

Commencing on the east side, rock was struck at a depth of eleven feet below water mark. The rock extended entirely across the bed of the river and on the west side was found at a depth of 31 feet below water mark. As the bridge will be 2,050 feet long, this shows a dip of about one foot to every 100 feet. A drill was set to work to find the thickness of the rock, but after going to a depth of five feet the extreme hardness of the rock was such as to cause them to discontinue the drilling.

This rock bottom means an immense saving in the cost of construction. The foundations for bridge piers are usually the costliest part of the structure, the piers of the uncompleted Winner bridge at Kansas City being a good instance.

The bridge will be a railroad, wagon and foot bridge. The bottom of the spans will be 55 feet above high water mark.

BROKE AN AXLE.

A Peculiar Accident on the Electric Street Railway While Round a Curve.

Electric street car No. 10 is still in the company shops undergoing repairs for the accident which befel it Sunday afternoon. It will be a week perhaps before it is ready for use.

About 2 o'clock p. m. on that day the car was rounding the curve at Thirteenth and Ingram at its usual rate of speed, when snap! went an axle and in a moment things were badly mixed up. The break was on the inside of the curve and was done as smoothly as one can break a twig. There was no old fracture, the break being straight through the clear, bright metal.

All the extra motor cars in the sheds were called out and drawn up in line to pull the runaway backup on the track. The job was a difficult one, however, and not until about 8:30 was the track cleared. There was comparatively no danger attached to the accident and happily no one was hurt.

Skating Rink Opened.

There will be a grand opening of the skating rink at Association park to-night, to continue all week. Admission, 10 cents; skates, 15 cents.

AMUSEMENTS.—WOOD'S OPERA HOUSE.

TO-NIGHT!!

Engagement of the Eminent Comedians,

Clark and Williams,

In the Roaring Farce Comedy

"OUR MARRIED MEN."

New Songs! New Music! New Dances!

CAPTURED IN SEDALIA.

Two Housebreakers Found in the Catapooze—The Stolen Goods Recovered.

Two very smooth artists were run to the ground in Sedalia yesterday and returned to the place they had committed an offence to have justice meted out to them.

Last Sunday night Officers J. R. Baldwin and W. A. Scally, stationed in East Sedalia, arrested Frank Marion for carrying concealed weapons, and Wm. Jones for late hours. Both men were fined in the police court yesterday morning and committed to jail. Marion being assessed \$50 and Jones \$10.

Later in the day Chief of Police DeLong received a telegram from Constable J. E. Smith, of Pilot Grove, asking him to be on the lookout for two men who had committed a robbery in that place on Sunday. The house robbed was that of Mike Smith, a farmer living 3 miles northeast of Pilot Grove. The house was entered during the day while the family was away from home. The articles stolen were an overcoat, a silver watch, a pair of pants, a pistol and a pair of suspenders.

Chief of Police DeLong at once knew that he had the men already behind the bars, having found the identical articles upon Marion and Jones when they were searched before being locked up Sunday night. Constable Smith was notified and arrived in Sedalia during the afternoon. He returned to Pilot Grove on the evening train with his prisoners.

... GRAND CLEARANCE SALE ...

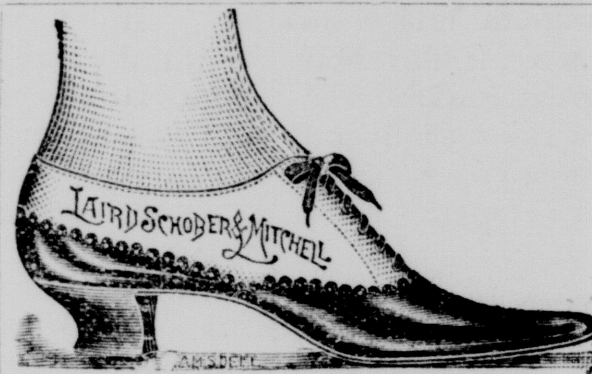
Boots & Shoes!

ALL

BROKEN

LOTS

Will be sold at HALF Former Price.



NOW IS

THE TIME

FOR

GENUINE

BARGAINS

In BOOTS and SHOES.

Wm. Courtney's.

oners. The latter are from St. Louis.

Officers Baldwin and Scally are making a good record in East Sedalia and have reason to be proud of it.

THE SEDALIA DELEGATION.

The Convention of Third Class Cities at Jefferson City—An Important Event.

The convention called by the president, Mayor Blatt, of Clinton, will meet at Jefferson City to-morrow and will be largely attended by delegates from third class cities.

The purpose of the convention is to secure the amendment of laws governing third class cities to such an extent that the affairs of the city can be administered with less trouble and more safety. The time and place of the convention were selected with a view of getting as near as possible to the members of the present general assembly.

The delegation from Sedalia left on the noon train and was composed of Mayor Stevens and Councilmen Honkomp and Bosserman and City Attorney John Cashman. Councilmen Dugan and Hutchinson were unable to attend.

A General Cleaning Up.

The firm of Windsor, West & Henry had a regular cleaning day to-day, and everything looks inviting. They always have the best meat in the city and sell at the lowest prices. Telephone 135.

Smoke Kuhn Resolution, best cigar for the money in the city:

One of the Best in Sedalia.

Chas. West, the well-known and popular dry goods clerk, has accepted a position with the progressive and enterprising firm of J. D. Hail & Co. Such a hustling firm is to be congratulated upon securing the services of so valuable a gentleman.

One Night Only, - 1.

WEDNESDAY, FEB. 1.

Harry Lacy

In Powerful Play,

The Planter's Wife!

ASSISTED BY

EMIL RIGL!

And a Great Company of Players. A Positive Dramatic Event.

SPECIAL!

Four Lots,

N. E. Corner Fourth and New York Avenue. Must be sold by Next Wednesday. You Can buy these lots

At Your Own Price

Call and see me.

S. E. MURRAY

410 OHIO ST.

THE FACTS IS THE CASE.

Sanitary Officer Doty Makes a Statement in Regard to a Charity Case.

There is a case of destitution and poverty in the old Smith property on East Seventh street. Two widow women moved into this house last fall, one of them mother of two little children. They were destitute of even furniture. Some of the charitable disposed ladies solicited funds and bought them a stove and some other articles of furniture. About a month since one of the children died of that dreadful disease diphtheria, and as the cold weather advanced, the widows and their children would have suffered from cold

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

Paid up Capital, - - - \$250,000. SEDALIA, MO.
Surplus, - - - \$20,000

CYRUS NEWKIRK, Pres't. J. C. THOMPSON, Cashier. F. H. GUENTHER, Asst. Cashier. J. C. THOMPSON, H. W. WOOD, E. G. CASSIDY, DIRECTORS.

TRANSACTS a general banking business. Accounts of banks, bankers, merchants and individuals solicited. Prompt attention given to all business entrusted to them.

Banking House Corner Second and Ohio Sts.

SECURE A HOME DURING 1893!

The Land we have platted on the East Side of the City, known as

Arlington

Heights!

Extends from East Broadway to East Sixteenth street, and can be bought in lots from one to ten acres at one-half what the same lots will be worth in 1894. We also have for sale the choicest lots in all other parts of the City. Bargains and easy terms can be had by calling on the

Porter REAL ESTATE CO.
404 OHIO ST.

Wall Paper!

TO THE TRADE.

We wholesale Wall Paper cheaper in Sedalia than St. Louis or Chicago.

Write For Prices!

F. H. Eastey,

208 OHIO STREET,

SEDALIA, MISSOURI

Wholesale and Retail.

COMMENCE 1893

By buying Books, Wall Paper and Stationery at

W. H. Ramsey's BOOK STORE!

WE

WILL TREAT YOU

RIGHT!

HAVE WE EVER

Treated you any

Other way?

If We Have

We are sorry and

Will do better.

W. H. RAMSEY, 408 Ohio St.

SEE THE

WHIPPLE COAL CO.,

For Coal, Wood, Feed, Sewer-pipe, Paving Brick, etc. Yard Cor. Third and Montgomery. Tel. 43.

You Will Save Money

When you Buy your Groceries and Feed of all kinds of

E. J. MILLER & SON,

At their New Grocery Store, 622 and 624 East Fifth Street.

A. J. EIST, 100 W. Main Call and see our bargains in Diamonds, Solid Gold, Filled and Silver Watches, Chains, Rings, Jewelry of all kinds, Clocks, Musical Instruments, Guns, Pistols and all kinds of Clothing. Money loaned on all articles of value.

LASTS LONGEST

CLIMAX

BAKING POWDER

PUREST AND BEST.

POUNDS, 20¢.

HALVES, 10¢. QUARTERS, 5¢.

COSTS LESS

Will Receive This Evening. The Overstreet Pharmacal Co. have issued unique and beautiful invitations to their friends and customers to attend the opening that will take place this evening from 7:30 to 10 o'clock. This enterprising firm is composed of progressive gentlemen, and it is a pleasure to note their evidence of prosperity.

Repairing the Floor.

The loose blocks of tiling in the floors of the court house are being cemented firmly in position. It was rumored that Sam Rosse and Ed. Marvin kept their tobacco hidden under one of the tiles, but the search yesterday failed to reveal any suspicious evidences.

Is Rapidly Improving.

Mrs. David Walker, wife of the well-known M., K. & T. car builder, writes from San Antonio, Texas, that their little son is rapidly improving in health under the balmy skies of the south.

Sedalia Democrat.

OLD SERIES, NEW SERIES,
Established 1868. Inaugurated 1891.

Published Daily Except Saturday by the
Sedalia Democrat Comp'y.

W. N. GRAHAM, P. B. STRATTON,
Pres. and Manager. Sec'y and Editor.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.
TO CITY SUBSCRIBERS:

Daily, delivered, 10c per week.
Daily, delivered, 45c per month.

BY MAIL, POSTAGE PREPAID:

Daily, one year, in advance, \$5.00
Daily, six months, in advance, 2.50
Daily, three months, in advance, 1.25
Daily, one month, in advance,45
Weekly edition, one year, in advance, 1.00
Weekly edition, six months, in advance,60

Address all communications on business or for publication to

THE DEMOCRAT,
Sedalia, Mo.

Office: 307 Ohio St. Telephone 232.

Official Paper of the City of Sedalia.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—Patrons of the
EVENING DEMOCRAT will confer a favor
upon the management by promptly reporting
any irregularity in delivery or bad con-
dition of paper from improper handling.

THE PEOPLE ALL READ



THE DAILY DEMOCRAT.

The cold, hard winter makes the
lot of the poor a trying one.

TANEY county comes to the front
with another murder. This time
one brother killed another.

If the United States wants to
annex anything she had better try
her hand on Canada or Mexico.

THERE is plenty of suffering in
the city to offer a field for the labor
of all charitably disposed persons.

THE discussion of the necessity
for an extra session of congress has
about subsided but the necessity
still exists.

THE domain of the United States
is large enough for all practical
purposes and Uncle Sam don't need
the Sandwich Islands.

It is a little strange that the fel-
lows who are so entirely and per-
fectly fitted and qualified to instruct
members of the legislature as to
their duties, are never elected to
office themselves.

THE people of the United States
have little interest in the political
affairs in Hawaii and will not suffer
the miserable muddle to disturb the
friendly relations of this country
with any foreign power.

THE DEMOCRAT agrees with Mr.
Cleveland in believing that the Sher-
man bullion purchase law should be
repealed. The law is merely a sub-
terfuge to put off the restoration of
silver to its place as a money metal.
Repeal the law with a free coinage
measure.

AN exchange says the Jefferson
City democratic club has expelled
Hon. J. R. Edwards for scratching
the ticket at the late election. But
the democrats of Cole county
elected Joe Edwards representative,
and what will the club do if he is
nominated again?

THE city authorities are in earn-
est in the matter of enforcing the
best possible sanitary regulations.
Street Commissioner Hyatt has been
giving close attention to the matter
of serving notices upon those prop-
erty owners who have not been as
careful as they should be, and it is
to be hoped these warnings will
have the desired effect.

THOSE newspapers which are so
uneasy lest the legislature shall
take a step backward in the matter
of our school system, need feel no
alarm. The institute law is no part
of our school system; it is a tyrannical,
undemocratic, unjust law
that should never have been enacted.
It is no business of the state

whether a teacher acquires the nec-
essary education and training in
an institute, a normal school, a pri-
vate school or no school at all. All
that the state has the right
to insist upon is that the
teacher who is employed with
public funds shall be qualified for
the position he is to fill, and whether
he attends an institute or takes
needed rest during the summer
months, is nobody's business.

AN AMERICAN TRAIT.

Fortunately it may be said of the
American people that, however heated
they may become a political contro-
versy or however desperately a
political battle may be fought, the
differences and dissensions do not
reach the private lives of the par-
ticipants or the social or business
circles where they move.

In the capital of the nation among
the most trusted leaders of the
political parties, even among the
most intense partisans, true friend-
ships and the very closest of social
ties unite those who entertain such
antagonistic views of public mat-
ters.

This trait of American character
is by no means confined to the
party leaders, but exists in all sec-
tions of the country and is mani-
fested every day.

But in no other country in the
world do we find people so tolerant
of the opinions of others or so
ready to ignore in social and busi-
ness circles the differences which
exist on political questions.

Never is this characteristic of
the American people more marked
than when the leader of one or the
other of the great parties has been
stricken by the hand of death.

Upon an occasion like this all
division by party lines is forgotten
and a whole people, free, intelli-
gent, brave and tender-hearted,
unite in grief at what they regard
as a national calamity.

In this the American people are
as chivalrous as the knights of old;
they are good, hard fighters it is
true, but when the battle is over the
bravest, most brilliant leader is the
most respected and admired even
in the ranks of his political enemies.

It is this characteristic which has
caused such genuine and sincere ex-
pression of sorrow at the death of
the late James G. Blaine, and as
long as this characteristic shall ex-
ist there is at least one evidence of
the fact that the American people
are worthy to be free and self-gov-
erned.

WE DON'T WANT THEM.

There is a great deal of force in
the following reasons assigned by the
Republic why the annexation
scheme should be defeated:

"The white population of the
Hawaiian Islands is a mere handful
of adventurers and the entire popu-
lation of the islands is not over 65,-
000, the majority of whom are Poly-
nesians, the immediate descendants
of a race of cannibals belonging to
the most degraded sept of the human
species.

If we annex these island we must
do one of two things—we must
either enslave these people as part
of an imperial policy, begun by
taking forcible possession of their
country, or else we must give them
representation as a state of our
union, with power to cast what
would at present be the deciding
vote in our senate.

Either of these things must be
equally repugnant to Americans
who love their own liberties and
are not willing to oppress others.
It is certain that if we adopt an im-
perial policy it will be only a mat-
ter of a not very long time until the
republic is overthrown. A republic
form of government is not
suitable for the control of an em-
pire, and we must choose between
the republic we have and the em-
pire a class in the community is
now endeavoring to bring about as
it did under the administration of
Grant.

The children and grandchildren
of the Sandwich Island cannibals
are not fit for American citizenship,
and if we take possession of their
country we must either give them
citizenship or else govern them
without giving them representation
—as we were governed before the
revolt from England. Annexation
would force us either to give our citi-
zenship to those barbarians or else
to violate the fundamental princi-
ples of our system the better to en-
slave them.

The people of America are not
ready to enter a course of imperial
aggression against the weak. They
are not willing to surrender their
own liberties for the sake of enslav-
ing others. They are satisfied with
the number of barbarians on whom

they have already been forced to
bestow American citizenship, with-
out going to the middle of the Pa-
cific ocean to find others."

The result of the recent elections
shows that a party can get along
just as well without brains as with
them.—*Kansas City Journal.*

Not at all! The result of the
recent elections show that no politi-
cal party has brains enough to com-
pensate for a lack of correct princi-
ples, or enough to perpetually de-
ceive a majority of the people.
Sherman, McKinley and their col-
leagues are brainy men, but they
over-estimated their brain power
when they thought themselves able
to prove to the people that the tariff
is not a tax, or that it is paid by
the foreigner. Brains are very
desirable in public men and in polit-
ical parties, but the people under-
stand that some of the most despi-
cable oppressors the world has known
were men of brains.

A GREAT many sentimental people
are distressed about what to do
with our ex-presidents; they don't
know what to do with them. It
would seem, however, that after a
man has been taken up by the peo-
ple and distinguished with a term
or two in the highest office in our
government, with a salary of \$50,-
000 per year, he ought to be able
to take care of himself during the
balance of his natural life. An ex-
president is no better than an ex-
constable unless he has superior
talents and character, and these
constitute aids to success in life.

AMUSEMENTS.

"Our Married Men."

An exchange says of "Our Mar-
ried Men." "The performance is clean,
refined and one with a plot. It is
brim full of funny situations and
one roar of laughter from rise to fall
of the curtain. The several ladies
are all pretty and sing immense.
Clark and Williams are two of the
best comedians we have ever seen.

To much cannot be said
of them. Mr. W. Wheeler
as a tramp and Author Kerns al-
so deserve praise. Miss Carrie
Scott as Kitty, the soubrette, played,
sang and danced splendidly. Miss
Madeline has a wonderful contralto
voice and made much of the part
Mrs. Snibbs. Miss Dora Cole is
pretty and sang well. Her sketch
with Mr. Kerns was a big hit. Miss
Davenport was a very acceptable
Miss Ames. The opera house was
crowded, and the play, "Our Mar-
ried Men" gave great satisfaction.
Come again before the season ends
and we will guarantee you a bigger
house. At Wood's Opera House
to-night.

"The Planter's Wife."

At the opera house Wednesday
Feb. 1 will be presented a grand re-
vival of the celebrated and highly
interesting play "The Planter's
Wife," which has been presented in
both England and America over a
thousand times, and to-day is more
popular than ever. "The Planter's
Wife" will introduce to our theater-
goers the favorite actor, Mr. Harry
Lacy, who has appeared in the past
as the hero in the "Still Alarm,"
"Jack Royal" and other plays of
note, and is regarded as one of the
leading actors in the romantic
school. He will interpret the part
of Albert Graham, a dashing Con-
federate colonel, in a play full of
action, with highly interesting sit-
uations and startling surprises. It
relies on the force of the stars and
the supporting company, and while
it requires handsome stage settings,
it does not depend on them. Miss
Emily Rigi, who plays the heroine,
is one of the most brilliant emo-
tional actresses now before the pub-
lic. She is the incarnation of ner-
vous intensity and serpentine grace,
every movement being physically
expressive and fascinating. The
supporting company is of unusual
strength. Mr. Lacy has engaged
the players with a view to their in-
dividual excellence.

New York Press Opinions of the Uncle Hiram Company.

Woodhull is about the funniest
man on earth.—*Times.*
The saw-mill set the audience
wild.—*Herald.*
As a scenic production it ranks
high.—*World.*

The supporting company was ex-
cellent, especially Troja Griswold.
—*Sun.*
Woodhull and his play scored a
hit.—*Advertiser.*
The railroad effects equal any
presented by other companies.—
News.
The songs are new and catchy.—
Tribune.

The play is entirely re-written
and changed so much that it is not
recognizable as the old "Uncle
Hiram."—*Recorder.*

See Monkhous for Fort Scott Red Coal. Tel. 255.

GARFIELD'S RELIGIOUS VIEWS

*A Disciple in Youth, but Later Hold-
ing to Liberal Views.*
James G. Blaine, 1881.

The religious element in Garfield's
character was deep and earnest. In
his early youth he espoused the
faith of the Disciples, a sect of that
great Baptist communion which, in
different ecclesiastical establish-
ments, is so numerous and so influ-
ential throughout all parts of the
United States. But the broadening
tendency of his mind and his active
spirit of inquiry were early apparent
and carried him beyond the dog-
mas of sect and the restraints of
association. In selecting a college
in which to continue his education
he rejected Bethany, though pre-
sided over by Alexander Campbell,
the greatest preacher of his church.
His reasons were characteristic;
first, that Bethany leaned too heav-
ily toward slavery; second, that,
being a Disciple and the son of
Disciple parents, he had little ac-
quaintance with people of other
beliefs, and he thought it would
make him more liberal, quoting his
own words, both in his religious
and general views, to go into a new
circle and be under new influences.

The liberal tendency which he
anticipated as the result of wider
culture was fully realized. He was
emancipated from mere sectarian
belief, and with eager interest
pushed his investigations in the di-
rection of modern progressive
thought. He followed with quick-
ening step in the paths of explora-
tion and speculation so fearlessly
trodden by Darwin, by Huxley, by
Tyndall and by other living sci-
entists of the advanced type. His
own church, binding its disciples by
no formulated creed, but accepting
the Old and New Testaments as the
Word of God with unbiased liberal-
ity of private interpretation, favored,
if it did not stimulate, the spirit of
investigation. Its members pro-
fess with sincerity, and profess only,
to be of one mind and one faith
with those who immediately fol-
lowed the Master, and were first
called Christians at Antioch.

But however high Garfield reason-
ed of "fixed fate, free will, fore-
knowledge absolute," he was never
separated from the Church of the
Disciples in his affections and in
his associations. For him it held
the ark of the covenant. To him
it was the gate of heaven.

The world of religious belief is
full of solecisms and contradictions.
A philosophic observer declares
that men by the thousand will die
in defense of a creed whose doc-
trines they do not comprehend and
whose tenets they habitually vio-
late. It is equally true that men
by the thousand will cling to church
organizations with instinctive and
undying fidelity when their belief in
maturer years is radically different
from that which inspired them as
neophytes.

But after this range of specula-
tion, and this latitude of doubt,
Garfield came back always with
freshness and delight to the simpler
instincts of religious faith, which,
earliest implanted, longest survive.
Not many weeks before his assassi-
nation, walking on the banks of the
Potomac with a friend, and con-
versing on those topics of personal
religion, concerning which noble
natures have an unconquerable re-
serve, he said that he found the
Lord's prayer and the simple peti-
tions learned in infancy infinitely
restful to him, not only in their
stated repetition, but in their casual
and frequent recall as he
went about the daily duties of life.

Certain texts of scripture had a very
strong hold on his memory and
his heart. He heard, while in
Edinburgh some years ago, an emi-
nent Scotch preacher who prefaced
his sermon with reading the eighth
chapter of the Epistle to the Romans,
which book has been the subject of
careful study with Garfield during
all his religious life. He was great-
ly impressed by the eloquence of the
preacher and declared that it had
imparted a new and deeper mean-
ing to the majestic utterances of St.
Paul. He referred often in after
years to that memorable service and
dwelt with exaltation of feeling upon
the radiant promise and the assured
hope with which the great apostle of
the Gentiles was "persuaded that
neither death, nor life, nor princi-
palities, nor angels, nor powers, nor
things present, nor things to come,
nor height, nor depth, nor any other
creature shall be able to separate us
from the love of God, which is in
Christ Jesus our Lord."

The crowning characteristic of
General Garfield's religious opin-
ions, as, indeed, all of his opinions,
was his liberality. In all things he
had charity. Toleration was of his
nature. He respected in others the
qualities which he possessed him-
self—sincerity of conviction and
frankness of expression. With him
the inquiry was not so much what a
man believes, but does he believe
it?

The lines of his friendship and
his confidence encircled men of
every creed and men of no creed,

and to the end of his life, on his
ever lengthening list of friends,
were to be found the names of a
pious Catholic priest and of an
honest minded and generous heart-
ed free thinker.

The Tomb of Eve.

From Harper's Young People.

Arabs and, consequently, most
Mohammedans believe that Eve's
tomb is at the Jiddah, the seaport
of Mecca. The building which they
say covers the dust of the mother
of mankind is a large temple with a
palm tree growing out of its stone
roof, to the great wonder of all be-
holders. Arabian tradition gives to
Eve the height of 200 feet, and her
tomb is proportioned accordingly.
This sepulchre, which is in a grave-
yard surrounded with high white
walls, and which has not been
opened for a single interment for a
thousand years, is the shrine of
thousands of devoted Islamites, who
make pilgrimages to the spot
once every seven years. It is
hemmed in on all sides by the
tombs of departed sheiks and other
worthies who have lived out their
days in that region of the scorching
suns and burning sands. Devout
Mohammedans say that once every
year the doors of the temples re-
main open all night, in spite of the
keepers' efforts to close them. Ter-
rible cries of anguish issue from
them, as though the memory of
the first known tragedy still haunted
the remains which Arab superstition
believes lie there.

Lieutenant Totten Quits the Army.

From a New Haven Dispatch.

Lieutenant C. A. L. Totten of the
United States army has forwarded
his resignation to the war depart-
ment to take effect on August 1. He
received notice to-day that the res-
ignation had been accepted. He
was until recently a professor of
military science in Yale. Comment-
ing on his action to-day he said:
"I resigned for the purpose
of continuing the work I began three
years ago—to vindicate the Bible
as written and for the purpose writ-
ten, and to fight the highest critics
without quarter and asking no quar-
ter; to establish Moses and the
prophecies in the arena of human
judgment as more credible than any
history whatsoever. If I must go
down in the fight I would rather
have it upon this side of the great
question of our race, its origin and
destiny, than to sit in the seat of
the scornful with any company
under the heaven."

Change in Firm.

The firm heretofore doing lumber
business under the name of S. P.
Johns & Son, on West Main street,
has been changed by the addition
of S. P. Johns, jr., and will here-
after carry on the same business at
the old stand under the firm name
of S. P. Johns & Sons.

The new firm will assume all debts
and collect all bills of said S. P.
Johns & Son.

All persons knowing themselves
indebted to the firm of S. P. Johns
& Son will please call and settle at
once.

Thanking the public for their
patronage and soliciting a further-
ance of same, we are
Very respectfully,
S. P. JOHNS & SONS,
S. P. JOHNS & SONS.

Knights of the Key.

Saturday night was a lively one
for the boys of Sedalia Division No.
221, Order of Railway Tele-
graphers. Their hall on East Fifth
street was brightly lighted, all the
hard corners placed in position,
the spring-board greased and Geo.
C. Greenup, the popular operator,
was seized and put through the ter-
rors of an initiation. The atmos-
phere was filled with lightning, and
George says that he had a red-hot
time of it. There were a number
of visiting brothers from along the
lines of the Missouri Pacific and the
"Katy." Next Saturday evening
the gentlemen will hold their an-
nual election of officers.

A Humorous Lecture.

Rev. C. M. Hawkins will deliver
a lecture in the M. E. church, south
next Thursday evening. His sub-
ject will be "P's and Q's" and no
doubt will be handled by Mr. Haw-
kins in a masterly manner. Rev.
Hawkins is a son-in-law of Dr. John
Matthews, the well-known St. Louis
divine and a very popular lecturer.
The price of admission will be 25
cents.

Fine, Juicy Oysters.

Fresh oysters, the first of the sea-
son, served in all styles at Sicher's
cafe. Also for sale by the can.

How to Save Doctor Bills.

From Chicago Daily Calumet.

Many a doctor's bill has been
saved by the use of Chamberlain's
cough remedy. The name is a
household word in many parts of
the country. Chamberlain's medi-
cines have an extensive sale in the
World's fair city, and many people
testify to the merits of their differ-
ent remedies. For sale by Aug.
Fleischmann, druggist.

Midland Savings Loan Company.
Capital \$1,000,000. Shares \$100 Each.
OFFICERS and DIRECTORS.
John N. Dalby, President; H. C. Demuth, Vice
President; J. E. Ritchey, Secretary; Third Na-
tional Bank, Treasurer; W. S. Shirk, General
Attorney; E. C. Mason, Superintendent Agencies
J. H. Bothwell, John D. Crawford, Jas. Glass and
H. W. Zimmerman.
Four classes of stock issued each month. In-
stallment, partial pre-paid, pre-paid dividend
and full paid eight per cent. coupon stock.
Money to Loan at 5 and 6 per cent. on
farm or city property
without delay, with small expenses and no
commissions, to be repaid in installments.
Office 114 East Second St.
SEDALIA, MISSOURI.

W. T. HUTCHINSON, President. JOHN D. CRAWFORD, Vice-President.
WM. H. POWELL, Jr., Cashier. G. CRAWFORD, Asst. Cashier.
—No. 1971.

Citizens' National Bank,
SEDALIA, MISSOURI. (Established 1872.)
Cash Capital, paid in, \$100,000.00.
Surplus fund, 35,000.00.
A general banking business transacted. Collections receive prompt attention
Liberal accommodations to depositors.
DIRECTORS: W. H. Powell, John J. Yeater, J. D. Crawford, S. H. Eiler, W. T.
Hutchinson, F. B. Meyer, N. N. Parberry, I. H. Doyle, Wm. H. Powell, Jr.

MISSOURI TRUST COMPANY

Capital, Paid in, ---\$200,000, ACTS AS ADMINISTRATOR, EXECU-
Surplus 35,000. tor, Guardian, Curator, Assignee, Re-
ceiver and Trustee. Accepts and exe-
cutes Trusts of all kinds, whether created
by will or under appointment of court.
DEALER in investment securities. Loans money on real estate. Safe deposit boxes for
rent. Custodian of wills and other valuable papers. "NICKEL SAVINGS STAMP
SYSTEM." Stamps can be found at the following places: August T. Fiedelmann, Chris-
H. H. Ramsey. FIVE PER CENT INTEREST PAID ON SAVINGS.
DIRECTORS: C. A. Crandall, Pres't; E. A. Sampson, Vice Pres't; G. L. Faulhaber, Treas;
F. E. Hoffman, Sec'y; Henry Lamm, Chris Hye, R. H. Moses, J. W. Murphy, W. T. Hutchinson

Cor. Fourth & Ohio Sts. --- SEDALIA, MISSOURI.

THIRD NATIONAL BANK.

SEDALIA, MISSOURI.

JOHN N. DALBY, Pres't. R. H. MOSES, Cashier
A. P. MOREY, Vice Pres't. W. H. VAN WAGNER, Asst.

Capital, \$100,000. Surplus and Undiv'd Profits, \$30,000.

THIS BANK DOES A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS AND SOLICITS THE ACCOUNTS
of corporations, firms and individuals. DIRECTORS—James Glass, Morris Harter, John
N. Dalby, J. H. Mertz, Herman Kahrs, R. H. Moses, N. H. Gentry, C. E. Messerly, Henry
Hanken, A. P. Morey, Charles W. McAninch, F. E. Hoffman, Judge William Becker, D. W.
McClure and Samuel C. Gold.

McLAUGHLIN--BRO'S.

FURNITURE DEALERS AND FUNERAL DIRECTORS.

Telegraph orders promptly attended to,
day or night. Prompt, careful service.

--ARTERIAL EMBALMING--
A specialty. Night clerk at store.

513, 515, 517 OHIO ST. --- TELEPHONE NO. 8

SICHER'S HOTEL

The Largest and Best Appointed
Hotel in the City.



Large, airy, well ventilated rooms. The best Two Dollar a
Day Hotel in Central Missouri.

Table Unsurpassed! Corner Ohio & Third Sts. **Sicher & Conrad, Props**

TAILORING

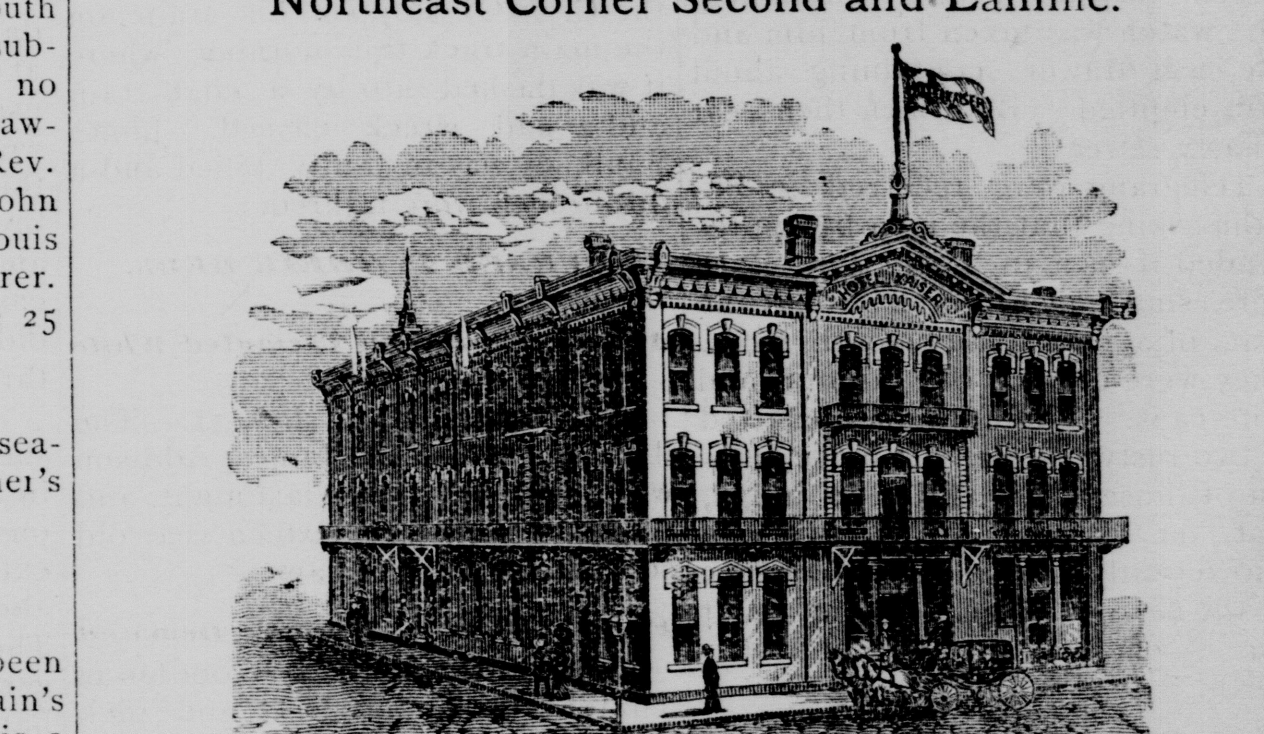
Only First-Class Work—Men's Furnishings; Full Lines. We offer
underwear at Prices to close broken lots in sizes.

SHIRTS TO ORDER—PERFECT FITS—Novelties
in Holiday Coods—Collar and Cuff Boxes, Neckware, Mulliers,
Gloves, Fine Hosiery, etc.

John : Walmsley : & : Co.
223 Ohio Street.

HOTEL KAISER!

Northeast Corner Second and Lamine.



This house is the only one in Sedalia built for hotel purposes. The
only one run on hotel principles. The one for commercial men espe-
cially, the only one in the state lighted by electricity and incandescent
lights exclusively. Restaurant and bar in connection. Every depart-
ment is under the personal supervision of the proprietors.

KAISER & FISCHER, Sedalia, Mo.

RAILROAD TIME-CARDS.

Missouri Kansas and Texas R'y.			
SOUTHBOUND.		MAIN LINE.	
No. 1, Texas Express,	5:45 p. m.	6:15 p. m.	Leave.
No. 3, " "	8:55 a. m.	9:15 a. m.	Arrive.
NORTHBOUND.		MAIN LINE.	
No. 2, Texas Express,	8:15 a. m.	10:40 a. m.	Leave.
No. 4, Chicago Exp's,	5:50 p. m.	6:10 p. m.	Arrive.

Sedalia, W. & Southern.			
NORTH BOUND.		Arrives.	
No. 200, Accommodation,	3:00 p. m.		
SOUTH BOUND.		Leaves.	
No. 201, Accommodation,	8:15 a. m.		

Missouri Pacific R'y.			
MAIN LINE.		Arrive.	
No. 1 Day Express,	3:25 p. m.	3:35 p. m.	Leave.
No. 3 Night Express,	3:15 a. m.	3:25 a. m.	Leave.
No. 5 Local Pass'g'r,	3:15 p. m.	3:40 p. m.	Leave.
No. 7 Fast Mail,	7:55 a. m.	8:00 a. m.	Leave.
No. 9 Texas Express,	4:55 a. m.		
No. 7 does not carry passengers.			

MAIN LINE.			
Arrive.		Leave.	
No. 2 Day Express,	12:35 p. m.	12:40 p. m.	
No. 4 Night Express,	11:55 p. m.	12:01 a. m.	
No. 6 Local Pass'g'r,	10:40 a. m.	10:45 a. m.	
No. 8 Night Express,	12:40 a. m.	12:45 a. m.	

Lexington Branch.			
WESTBOUND.		Arrive.	
No. 193 Colorado Exp's	5:05 a. m.		
No. 191 Local Pass'g'r,	3:45 p. m.		
No. 197 Local Freight,	10:55 a. m.		
EASTBOUND.		Leave.	
No. 192 St. Louis Exp's,	10:30 a. m.		
No. 194 Local Passenger,	10:30 p. m.		
No. 198 Local Freight,	3:00 p. m.		

Sedalia Building & Loan			
Ass'n. of Sedalia, Mo.			
CAPITAL STOCK, - \$1,000,000.			

DIRECTORS:			
C. G. TAYLOR, President,	S. P. JOHNS,		
C. RICHARDSON, Secretary,	J. B. GALLIE,		
F. H. GUENTHER, Treasurer,			

This Association pays on monthly savings of 80 cents and upward, 12 per cent compounded annually, on paid up stock 8 per cent payable semi-annually. No forfeiture of dividends. Loans money on real estate security at 7 1/2 per cent interest. Issued monthly in consecutive series matures definitely in seven years. Call

C. RICHARDSON, Sec'y,
No. 111 Ohio St., Sedalia, Mo.

DON'T DOUBT IT!

For we certainly are the CHEAPEST place in Sedalia for

Coal, Wood & FEED.

L. S. PARISH,
Tel. 15—111 OHIO ST.

E. G. CASSIDY.

Distiller's agent and Wholesale Liquor Dealer, Sole Agent Wm. J. Lempi's Western Brewing Beer Depot West Main Street, Telephone 114.

117 EAST MAIN STREET, SEDALIA, MO.

ESTABLISHED IN 1874

JAMES GLASS.

— WHOLESALE —

LIQUORS!

SEDALIA, MISSOURI.

D. E. KENNEDY,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

With Hon. John H. Bothwell, Attorney and Counselor.

OFFICE—Dempsy Building, Rooms 26 and 28. Practice where Business calls.

T. W. BAST,

Architect and Superintendent of Buildings. Plans and specifications prepared on short notice.

Office 31 and 35, Hauptfritz Block

ON TO IT AT LAST!

Has bought the finest stock of

CASKETS IN THE MARKET

And keeps them constantly on hand.

J. E. HILLIS, 120 Ohio Street, Tel. 190.

W. S. EPPERSON,

Architect and Superintendent.

Office, 2nd floor Equitable Building. Architect for all the best buildings in the city.

Mo. Central Lumber Co.

Cheap Building Material of all kinds. Office and Yard, North of Union depot, on Kentucky st., Sedalia, Mo.

Charles Kobrock,

East Restaurant and Oyster House. Imported Wines, Liquors and Cigars. Special brand of Imperial Beer.

114 Osage St., Sedalia, Mo

MR. BLAINE BURIED.

MOST IMPRESSIVE FUNERAL DEMONSTRATIONS.

SIMPLE PRESBYTERIAN SERVICE.

The Most Eminent Men of the Nation Stand Around the Bier at the Old Home and a Remarkable Assemblage of Notables Gather at the Church to Pay Tribute to the Dead.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.—Every effort was made to comply with the expressed desires of the family of the late ex-Secretary James G. Blaine for a private funeral, but the vast public interest swept over the barriers imposed and made the funeral one of the most impressive of public demonstrations in honor of the dead.

The most eminent men of the nation stood around the bier. All business in the city was suspended while the funeral services were in progress. The presence of the president and his cabinet, the supreme court justices and the nation's legislators was not more significant than the vast crowds, who in respectful silence lined the streets through which the funeral cortege passed.

The parlor, not at any time a very commodious one, was far too small for the distinguished mourners, who, by invitation, sought access to it. The president entered, accompanied by Mrs. McKee and Private Secretary Halford and Lieutenant Parker. The vice president was accompanied by Mrs. and Miss Morton. Then came the members of the cabinet and their families, the chief justice of the United States just arrived from the funeral of the late Associate Justice Lamar, accompanied by Mrs. and Miss Fuller; Mrs. Hitt, Miss Macomb, Miss Loring, Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Carnegie, Senator and Mrs. Cameron, Senator and Mrs. Chandler, General and Mrs. Parker, Mrs. Eugene Hale, Mrs. T. Hamlin, Mrs. Alex. Rodgers, Senator and Mrs. Wolcott, Mr. and Mrs. John R. McLean, General Alger and Mrs. John A. Logan, Mrs. John Hay, Mr. and Mrs. F. G. Newlands, Mr. and Mrs. Theodore Roosevelt, Mr. and Mrs. Gordon Cummings, Representative and Mrs. Henry Cabot Lodge, Mr. and Mrs. Howard, Mr. and Mrs. Marcellus Bailey, Mrs. Audenried, Mr. and Mrs. M. H. Dunnell, ex-Governor and Mrs. Peckham of Maine, Sir Julian and Lady Pauncefote, A. C. Tyler, Francis B. Loring, Senators Gordon and Voorhees, Speaker Crisp, Representative Holman, J. T. Devine (Mr. Blaine's step-son) in the preparation of his "Twenty Years in Congress," Representative Blount, Charles Emory Smith, editor of the Philadelphia Press, ex-minister to Russia; Mrs. Frye, the Maine delegation of fourteen headed by Governor Cleaves, Mrs. H. P. Fessenden of Connecticut, Senator and Mrs. Manderson, Senators Allison, McPherson, Ransom, Sherman, Cockrell, Hoar, Gorman, Aldrich and Morrill, Senator and Miss Dawes, Senator and Mrs. Washburn, Judge and Mrs. Wylie and many others of note.

The family group at the casket were the widow, her daughter, Mrs. Damosch, Miss Blaine, James G. Blaine, Jr., Mrs. Emmons Blaine, Miss Abigail Dodge (Gail Hamilton), R. G. Blaine, brother of the dead man, and his wife and daughter; Hampton Denman of Missouri, cousin of Mr. Blaine; Frank, Henry, Horace and Augustus Stanwood and Walter Stinson and W. H. Hatch, all nephews of the deceased man.

The family was followed by the Rev. Dr. Hamlin of the Church of the Covenant, who, standing beside the casket, in a low tone delivered the Presbyterian services for the departed. As he did so Walter Damosch touched the keys of the piano to a slow dirge. The casket was then closed and borne to the hearse. In the first carriage was the Rev. Dr. Hamlin, the officiating clergyman. Then came the pall bearers: Senators Hale and Frye of Maine and Morgan of Alabama, ex-Speaker Reed of Maine, Representatives Boutelle of Maine, Hitt of Illinois (formerly Mr. Blaine's assistant secretary of state) and Bingham of Pennsylvania, in which state Mr. Blaine was born; General Thomas Ewing of Ohio, John Hay, ex-assistant secretary of state; Joseph H. Manly of Augusta, Me., A. L. Jenkins and P. V. R. E. J. Afterwards there followed the immediate family of the deceased, Mrs. Blaine, Miss Hattie Blaine and James G. Blaine, Jr. in the first. Next came Mrs. Johnson and Hyatt (the attending physicians in Mr. Blaine's last illness). The distinguished guests followed in regularly assigned order, the arrangements being superintended by W. E. Curtis, at the request of the family.

The Presbyterian church of the Covenant, where Mr. Blaine was a pew holder, had been surrounded with a rope to exclude all not specially invited, as the service at the church as well as those at the house were strictly private and no one admitted who had not received an invitation.

The relatives and pall bearers, occupied the first eight rows of seats in the main aisle of the church. Behind them were seated the president, vice president, cabinet officers, Speaker Crisp, members of the supreme court with their families, Baron Fava, dean of the diplomatic corps; Sir Julian Pauncefote, British minister; the new Russian minister, Prince Gortchakov; representatives of the French, German and Spanish legations and nearly all the ministers from South and Central America, as well as many senators and representatives in addition to those at the house.

At 12:30 o'clock solemn organ music announced the arrival of the funeral party at the door of the church. As the head of the procession walked up the aisle Walter Damosch, who was at the organ, played an improvisation made up of several themes of hymns which Mr. Blaine loved. At the close of the prayer the funeral procession once more formed and the body was conveyed to Oak Hill cemetery and there laid to rest.

A colony of Bohemians from North-west Missouri have bought 17,000 acres of land near Victoria, Texas.

YOUNG CROWD BANQUET.

The Members of the Day Club Elect Officers and Make Speeches.

TOPEKA, Kan., Jan. 31.—The second annual banquet of the Kansas day club was given at the Throop hotel. The club is what is known as the young crowd in Republican politics. Covers were laid for 150 guests, and the menu was one well calculated to satisfy the cravings of the average young Republican appetite, save that it lacked the customary liquid accompaniments. Before the members of the club seated themselves at the banquet table a business meeting was held in the parlors at which the following officers were elected:

President, Ewing Herbert of Hiawatha; vice presidents, H. L. Wood of Wellington, Will T. Walker of Kansas City and A. L. Sponsler of Hutchinson; secretary, Arthur Capper of Topeka; assistant secretary, Ralph Ingalls of Topeka; treasurer, Albert W. Hoyt of Lyons. Eli Chandler of Kansas City acted as toastmaster at the banquet.

C. E. Lobell of Dighton, responded to the toast "Kansas," in the absence of the toast "Kansas City." "Where are we at?" was the subject of a humorous response by Ewing Herbert. C. E. Elliott talked on "The Lesson of '90.'" K. E. Wilcoxson, a state senator, was down for a toast "I am in it," and J. R. Burton for "I am not," but neither were present. C. S. Gled of Topeka, discussed "Seeing ourselves as others see us." Ellsworth Ingalls spoke on "The future Republican party." Harry J. Bone of Ashland, responded to "Dry bones shall rise again," and F. B. Dawes of Clay Center, took J. Whitcomb Riley's "The Goblin will get you if you don't watch out." C. M. Harper of the Abilene Reflector spoke on "Politics in the state of Kansas and Valentine Campaigns of '93." Harry W. Frost, formerly of Topeka and now of Chicago, was last on the list. He was the originator of the Kansas Day club and took the club as his subject. He told of the motives which prompted its organization and bespoke for it a bright future.

Only an Humble Friend Faithful. LINCOLN, Neb., Jan. 31.—General Thayer, ex-governor and ex-United States senator, is lying sick at the humble home of an old soldier, who had been his messenger. His wife died recently. His sons are in the hospital and not aware of his illness and if any of the politicians who profited by his favors know that he is sheltered in this humble abode they have failed to offer him a fitter place.

Mr. Hatch Asks for Three Days. WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—Chairman Hatch of the house committee on agriculture has requested three days for measures from his committee. He intends to bring up the oleomargarine bill and the bill to fix the standard of grain, and if history repeats itself Mr. Warner of New York will vigorously oppose the latter measure.

Suicide to Win a Small Bet. RENO, Nev., Jan. 31.—Albert Hoffman, aged 23, went into Wieland's saloon and offered to bet the barkeeper \$3 that he would kill himself that night. The bet was accepted, the money put up and Hoffman went home and won the bet. He was neither drunk nor apparently crazy.

To Fight the Two-Cent Bill. ST. JOSEPH, Jan. 31.—General Manager J. C. Brown of the Burlington road left for Jefferson City to-day to make a determined fight against the passage of a bill reducing passenger rates to two cents a mile. He claims if this bill is passed it will kill any further railroad building in Missouri.

ASSORTED ITEMS.

Saloon licenses in San Francisco cost \$25 a quarter.

A Connecticut advertiser paints posters on cows in fields near the railroad.

Maine is obliged to wrestle with such postoffice names as Newhewannock and Pennamaquon.

THE MARKETS.

Kansas City.

Prices were quoted as follows: No. 2 hard wheat, 60¢/bu. No. 3 hard wheat, 57¢/bu. No. 4 hard wheat, 54¢/bu. No. 1 red wheat, 62¢/bu. No. 2 red wheat, 59¢/bu. No. 3 red wheat, 56¢/bu. No. 4 red wheat, 53¢/bu.

CORN—Was 1¢/bu. higher and in fair demand both for shipment and for local use. Receipts to-day were 130 cars, a week ago 117 cars, a year ago 150 cars. No. 2 mixed corn sold at 36¢; No. 3 mixed, 35¢; No. 4 34¢/bu. No. 2 white, 36¢/bu. No. 3 white, 35¢; No. 4 white, 34¢/bu. Shippers paid 38¢/bu. Mississippi river and 42¢/bu. Memphis for No. 3 corn. No. 2 sold at 39¢/bu. Mississippi river and 42¢/bu. Memphis. No. 2 white sold at 41¢/bu. river and 43¢/bu. Memphis.

OATS—Steady; demand slow. Receipts were 15 cars against 20 cars a week ago. Cash prices: No. 2 mixed 29¢/bu. No. 3 mixed 28¢/bu. No. 4 mixed 27¢/bu. No. 2 white, 31¢/bu. No. 3 white, 30¢/bu. No. 4 white, 29¢/bu. No. 2 sold at 31¢/bu. No. 3 sold at 30¢/bu. No. 4 sold at 29¢/bu. No. 2 white, 31¢/bu. No. 3 white, 30¢/bu. No. 4 white, 29¢/bu. No. 2 sold at 31¢/bu. No. 3 sold at 30¢/bu. No. 4 sold at 29¢/bu.

FLAX—Steady; demand slow. Receipts were 15 cars against 20 cars a week ago. Cash prices: No. 2 mixed 29¢/bu. No. 3 mixed 28¢/bu. No. 4 mixed 27¢/bu. No. 2 white, 31¢/bu. No. 3 white, 30¢/bu. No. 4 white, 29¢/bu. No. 2 sold at 31¢/bu. No. 3 sold at 30¢/bu. No. 4 sold at 29¢/bu.

WHEAT—Steady; demand slow. Receipts were 15 cars against 20 cars a week ago. Cash prices: No. 2 mixed 29¢/bu. No. 3 mixed 28¢/bu. No. 4 mixed 27¢/bu. No. 2 white, 31¢/bu. No. 3 white, 30¢/bu. No. 4 white, 29¢/bu. No. 2 sold at 31¢/bu. No. 3 sold at 30¢/bu. No. 4 sold at 29¢/bu.

RYE—Steady; demand slow. Receipts were 15 cars against 20 cars a week ago. Cash prices: No. 2 mixed 29¢/bu. No. 3 mixed 28¢/bu. No. 4 mixed 27¢/bu. No. 2 white, 31¢/bu. No. 3 white, 30¢/bu. No. 4 white, 29¢/bu. No. 2 sold at 31¢/bu. No. 3 sold at 30¢/bu. No. 4 sold at 29¢/bu.

BARLEY—Steady; demand slow. Receipts were 15 cars against 20 cars a week ago. Cash prices: No. 2 mixed 29¢/bu. No. 3 mixed 28¢/bu. No. 4 mixed 27¢/bu. No. 2 white, 31¢/bu. No. 3 white, 30¢/bu. No. 4 white, 29¢/bu. No. 2 sold at 31¢/bu. No. 3 sold at 30¢/bu. No. 4 sold at 29¢/bu.

BEANS—Steady; demand slow. Receipts were 15 cars against 20 cars a week ago. Cash prices: No. 2 mixed 29¢/bu. No. 3 mixed 28¢/bu. No. 4 mixed 27¢/bu. No. 2 white, 31¢/bu. No. 3 white, 30¢/bu. No. 4 white, 29¢/bu. No. 2 sold at 31¢/bu. No. 3 sold at 30¢/bu. No. 4 sold at 29¢/bu.

PEAS—Steady; demand slow. Receipts were 15 cars against 20 cars a week ago. Cash prices: No. 2 mixed 29¢/bu. No. 3 mixed 28¢/bu. No. 4 mixed 27¢/bu. No. 2 white, 31¢/bu. No. 3 white, 30¢/bu. No. 4 white, 29¢/bu. No. 2 sold at 31¢/bu. No. 3 sold at 30¢/bu. No. 4 sold at 29¢/bu.

WHEAT—Steady; demand slow. Receipts were 15 cars against 20 cars a week ago. Cash prices: No. 2 mixed 29¢/bu. No. 3 mixed 28¢/bu. No. 4 mixed 27¢/bu. No. 2 white, 31¢/bu. No. 3 white, 30¢/bu. No. 4 white, 29¢/bu. No. 2 sold at 31¢/bu. No. 3 sold at 30¢/bu. No. 4 sold at 29¢/bu.

RYE—Steady; demand slow. Receipts were 15 cars against 20 cars a week ago. Cash prices: No. 2 mixed 29¢/bu. No. 3 mixed 28¢/bu. No. 4 mixed 27¢/bu. No. 2 white, 31¢/bu. No. 3 white, 30¢/bu. No. 4 white, 29¢/bu. No. 2 sold at 31¢/bu. No. 3 sold at 30¢/bu. No. 4 sold at 29¢/bu.

BARLEY—Steady; demand slow. Receipts were 15 cars against 20 cars a week ago. Cash prices: No. 2 mixed 29¢/bu. No. 3 mixed 28¢/bu. No. 4 mixed 27¢/bu. No. 2 white, 31¢/bu. No. 3 white, 30¢/bu. No. 4 white, 29¢/bu. No. 2 sold at 31¢/bu. No. 3 sold at 30¢/bu. No. 4 sold at 29¢/bu.

MISSOURI SOLONS.

A GREAT DEMAND FOR LAWS PROTECTING FISH.

PINNY TRIBE HAS MANY FRIENDS.

The Senate and House Flooded With Petitions on the Subject—Bill Reported Favorably for the Establishment of Free Employment Bureaus—Other Doings of the Legislature.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Jan. 31.—Both houses met yesterday afternoon at 2 p. m. In the senate the incident of most importance, as showing the trend of public interest in legislation, was a series of petitions requesting vigorous legislation for the protection of fish.

Some interest was excited by the presenting of Senator Tunnell's bill allowing the enrollment of veterans of the state upon the rolls of the records of military service in the adjutant general's office, when such enrollment is deserved, as shown by good and sufficient evidence, but has not been had for any good reason. After a lively debate the bill was defeated for engrossment by a vote of 9 to 21.

Senators Stone, Cochran and Yeater were appointed a committee to confer with the secretary of state and secure notes for the information of the senate in regard to the last constitutional convention. Dunn of Lincoln presented a concurrent resolution for an amendment to the constitution, giving to county courts the authority to make an additional levy of fifteen cents on the \$100 for road purposes.

At the joint request of Love and Lyman, the senate changed the date when the Jackson county salary bill becomes effective to January 1, 1895. The salary bill was ordered engrossed.

The senate committee on labor, mines and manufacturing reported a bill comprising the best features of the two bills before them—one by Cash and one by Cochran—providing for the establishment of three free employment agencies, one to be located in each of the following cities: St. Louis, Kansas City and St. Joseph, the state to pay the salary of male superintendent \$1,200, and of female superintendent \$500 per year, and the cities in which agencies are located to pay all other expenses. The agencies are required to make monthly reports to the state labor commissioner.

In the house some practical work was done. There, as in the senate, petitions were presented asking legislation to protect fish, and as the people are speaking in such certain tones, some good laws for the preservation of game are assured.

The law passed increasing the maximum penalty to twenty years, for kidnapping children, will meet with general approval.

A resolution that the house cease to pass resolutions instructing congress as to its duty was adopted. The house was evidently weary of passing unavailing resolutions of instructions.

The committee on elections heard arguments in the contest case of Crouch against Swanger last night.

The house committee on agriculture to-day favorably reported on the grain weigh bill, which provides for the appointment of a weighmaster, whose duty it shall be to see that all grain is inspected and weighed before it goes to the elevator. The bill will considerably increase the number of men officially employed in the department.

The house committee on fees and salaries reported favorably on the Kansas City salary bill, with emergency clause, making bill effective in ninety days after adjournment of the legislature.

OUT FOR ANNEXATION.

Senator Chandler Introduces a Resolution Looking to That End.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.—Mr. Chandler stepped to the front yesterday as an avowed Hawaiian annexationist and if he had his way the president would have been instructed by both houses to enter into negotiations with the representatives of the provisional government of the late kingdom of Hawaii and to submit the convention to congress for ratification by legislation. But his way was blocked by Mr. White who objected to immediate action, and Mr. Chandler's resolution was laid over till to-day. Mr. White addressed the senate in opposition to the anti-option bill.

The brief session of the house was an uninteresting one. The sundry civil appropriations bill was further considered, but was not disposed of. A note bill was passed to refer to the court of claims the claim of Jessie Benton Fremont to certain lands in San Francisco, Cal.

A request by Mr. Hopkins for the passage of a bill appropriating \$20,000 for the establishment of buoys on the lake front of Chicago was objected to by Mr. Watson. Mr. McKee, from the committee on public lands, reported a bill to punish crimes in the Yellowstone national park. The house then proceeded, in committee of the whole, to further consider the sundry civil appropriations bill. The bill was considered until 5:30, when the committee rose.

The speaker announced the appointment of the following committee to investigate the Panama canal scandal: Messrs. Fellows, Geary, Patterson, Powers and Storer. The house then adjourned.

Many Coal Barges Lost.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Jan. 31.—About twenty-five barges belonging to Captain Duffy broke from their moorings at Six Mile island yesterday, and perhaps an equal number, the property of Cook & Huffman. They separated and went by the coal fleets and the "pumpkin patch," doing no damage except as they passed. Duffy had three loaded barges to sink, and Huffman lost two.

Many public men, including perhaps 100 Missourians, have been duped by a fellow calling himself W. Dunbar, who was to print their portraits in a publication styled "Illustrated America."

HEAVY WORK MAPPED OUT.

Britain's Parliament Will Be Asked to Make Many New Laws.

LONDON, Jan. 31.—As finally drafted and approved in cabinet council and formally sanctioned by the privy council, the queen's speech, to be read at the opening of parliament to-morrow, will present such a mass of legislative proposals as would task a septuagenarian parliament to get through with them. Besides promising the introduction of the Irish legislative bill, an electoral registration reform bill and a county council reform measure it will intimate that a licensing reform measure, a local option scheme, a bill dealing with the election of county magistrates and proposals affecting the established church of Scotland and the church in Wales will be offered for the consideration of parliament.

Bland as the phrasing of the speech is said to be, there is not an announcement in it but means a challenge to the opposition. Lord Salisbury and his colleagues have been in conference and have determined in conjunction with the Duke of Devonshire and Mr. Chamberlain to open war upon the government without delay. Both the ministerialists and the opposition take the government program not so much as an invitation to actual attack in parliament as an electoral platform for the next appeal to the country.

ARTON ARMED WITH POISON.

The Panama Canal Bribery Agent Ever Ready to Thwart Justice.

PARIS, Jan. 21.—The Libre Parole to-day prints an interview with M. Arton, whose name has been so frequently used in connection with the Panama scandal. He said that if he was not arrested there would be reasons for his not being taken into custody. He declared that he always carried poison and was ready to commit suicide if he thought the exigency demanded it. He denied that he had embezzled 9,000 francs. When requested to name the members of the clique of deputies who had accepted bribes in connection with the Panama canal company, he refused to do so, but said he would name them if the police caught him.

A WOMAN TO THE FRONT.

Mrs. M. L. McCormack Next to the Highest South Dakota Candidate.

REMARKS, S. D., Jan. 31.—The twenty-eighth ballot for United States senator was without result. Casey received 36 votes on the twenty-ninth ballot. Mrs. M. L. McCormack 30, Muir 3, Arnold 3, Fuller 6, Walsh 1, Roach 3.

WON BY BUBEAR.

The International Scully Race in England.

